Charter

Guardians of Pahlavi Constitutional Monarchy (PADMAN)



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Part I - Definition, purpose, foundational identity and overarching objectives

Article 1 - Meaning of “Padman” and the nature of this organization

The Persian word “Padman” has two root meanings:

- “Pad” means safeguarding, guardianship and support.
- “Man” means a group, organization, party or social institution.

On this basis, “Padman” means both a party or organization and an institution that safeguards, supports and protects. It assumes the historical responsibility of protecting the Pahlavi constitutional monarchy, Iran's national Iranshahri identity and culture, and the unity of the ideals of genuine monarchists.

“Guardians of Pahlavi Constitutional Monarchy” is an inclusive national front transcending individual organizations: a broad gathering of dozens of organizations, groups, parties, institutions, associations and independent genuine monarchist figures. It was established to unite, align, coordinate and organize all genuine monarchist currents that follow the Iran-building Pahlavi dynasty and adhere to the Constitution of the Imperial Constitutional Monarchy. Its membership continues to grow.

Padman is a popular, nongovernmental, secular and nationalist institution committed to the constitutional monarchy of the Iran-building Pahlavi dynasty. It seeks to represent, politically, legally, culturally and socially, all monarchist forces that believe in Iran's Imperial Constitutional Monarchy Constitution, nationally and internationally.

Article 2 - Purpose of Padman

Padman is founded on the following convictions:

- The Pahlavi constitutional monarchy is the only system of government in modern Iranian history to have built a modern, progressive and effective state in our country.
- Iran's historical continuity, national unity, Iranshahri identity and culture, and national security are inseparably linked to the institution of monarchy.
- In the face of the Islamic Republic's ideological, political, administrative, economic, cultural, doctrinal and identity-related breakdowns, a united national force must be built with the organizational strength, political cohesion and managerial capacity needed for the transition and the period after the regime's overthrow.
- Without an inclusive framework, the organizational fragmentation of monarchists could expose Iran's future to infiltration by ideological, republican or separatist groups.

Padman is therefore a rational, knowledge-based institution for uniting, organizing and empowering all genuine monarchist forces, drawing on national choice, the experience of Pahlavism and the principles of imperial constitutionalism.

Article 3 - Foundational identity

Padman defines itself through the following elements:

- The Pahlavi constitutional monarchy as Iran's legitimate, historical, national and future-building political system.
- Full adherence to the Imperial Constitutional Monarchy Constitution and all amendments adopted up to 22 Bahman 1357.
- Acceptance of the kingship of His Majesty Reza Pahlavi, Reza Shah II, the third Pahlavi monarch.
- Acceptance of Princess Noor Zahra Pahlavi as Crown Princess in accordance with the Constitution.
- Protection of national Iranshahri identity, the Persian language and the shared history and culture of all Iranians.
- Commitment to Pahlavism as a national, modern, secular, development-oriented and meritocratic school of thought.
- Principled opposition to three intrusive foreign identities: black religious reaction (Islamism, Shiism and religious ideology); red reaction (classical leftism, Marxism, communism and socialism); and multicoloured reaction (the New Left, extreme globalism and identity-based ideologies).
- Rejection of all federalist, ethnonationalist or separatist tendencies and protection of Iran's territorial integrity.

Article 4 - Overarching objectives

Padman is established to pursue the following objectives:

- Build a united, inclusive and powerful front of genuine monarchists worldwide.
- Establish political, media, cultural and organizational coordination among all monarchist forces.
- Participate practically in overthrowing the Islamic Republic and convey the message of freedom to people inside Iran.
- Firmly prevent any attempt to replace Iran's monarchy with a republic, replace the Pahlavi dynasty with another dynasty, reduce the monarch's rights and powers, or weaken the institution of monarchy in the Constitution.
- Provide all necessary foundations for overthrowing the Islamic Republic, restoring the Pahlavi constitutional monarchy and forming a modern, national, secular and meritocratic state.
- Prepare for the united participation of genuine monarchists in the Constituent Assembly, National Consultative Assembly, Senate and future government.
- Support constitutional revision in theory and practice so that secularism/laïcité, human rights and reason-based democracy are secured; religious and ideological provisions and discrimination are fully removed; necessary updates reflect changes in Iran and the world in

recent decades; and no reduction is made to the rights and powers of the monarch or the institution of monarchy.

- Safeguard Iranshahri culture and identity, civic nationalism, freedom of thought, human rights and meritocracy.
- Curb the influence of religious, classical-left, New Left, republican or ethnonationalist currents in politics and government.
- Train and introduce a new generation of competent, patriotic administrators who support the Pahlavi constitutional monarchy to govern the country in the future.

Article 5 - Scope of activity

Padman's activities cover:

- Cultural, identity-related and national activities.
- Educational and training programmes, awareness-raising and cadre development.
- Publicity, information and media activities.
- Political work, lobbying and communications.
- Support for the Iranian people's national uprisings during the overthrow of the regime.
- Organization of forces for the transition and the period after the overthrow.
- Communication and coordination among monarchist organizations worldwide.

Part II - Foundational principles, binding commitments and intellectual frameworks

Article 6 - Foundational principles

Padman is formed and administered on the following basis. All individuals over 18, and all groups, parties and organizations supporting the Pahlavi constitutional monarchy, may join if they accept and commit to all Padman principles and terms of cooperation.

All member organizations, groups, public figures and individuals unconditionally undertake to accept the following seven principles as immutable, identity-defining and shared foundations. They underpin Padman's thinking, activities and structure. Any contrary action, decision or proposal is invalid.

1. Fully honour and preserve the conduct, words and testament of Reza Shah the Great and Shahanshah Aryamehr, particularly the Imperial Constitutional Monarchy Constitution, the tricolour flag bearing the crowned Lion and Sun, and Iran's lawful Crown Prince.
2. Fully accompany and follow all the valuable guidance of Iran's sovereign, His Majesty Reza Shah II, particularly the “Three Principles of the National Cooperation Plan” and the “Twelve Principles of the Munich Meeting”.
3. Believe in and adhere to the necessary continuity of the Imperial Constitutional Monarchy Constitution, including all Constituent Assembly amendments and additions and all laws passed by both chambers during the glorious Pahlavi monarchy up to 22 Bahman 1357.
4. Accept the need for constitutional revision by a Constituent Assembly, according to these principles:

- Remove provisions incompatible with human rights and secularism, including religious and ideological provisions and discrimination.
- Adopt necessary laws and update the Constitution to reflect changes in recent years.
- Prevent any reduction in provisions concerning the rights and powers of the monarch and the institution of monarchy.
- Believe in and adhere to the lawful kingship of His Majesty Reza Pahlavi, Reza Shah II, the third Pahlavi monarch.
- Believe in and adhere to Princess Noor Zahra Pahlavi's status as Crown Princess under Article 37 of the Constitution.

5. Believe in, uphold and fully safeguard national identity and Iran's ancient, rich culture and history against invasion and contamination by three foreign identities: black religious reaction, the red reaction of classical leftists, and the multicoloured reaction of the New Left.
6. Believe in, uphold and safeguard the seven principal pillars of the Pahlavi constitutional monarchy: rationalism; pragmatism; realism; nationalism and patriotism; monarchism; meritocracy; and secularism/laïcité.
7. Accept the democratic decisions of Padman's Central Core. It shall comprise:

- One representative of each recognized organization or group with at least four members in Padman.
- Prominent supporters of the Pahlavi constitutional monarchy with the knowledge and qualities Padman requires.
- Individuals who are not Padman members but are appointed as its advisers, without voting rights.

Other Padman members may, at their discretion, join one of the organizations within Padman.

Article 7 - Binding shared intellectual principles

All members must accept and observe the following principles, which form Padman's strategic foundation.

1. Iran's future form of government

The only acceptable future form of government is the Pahlavi constitutional monarchy: not a republic, non-national or globalist models, or ideological or ethnonationalist structures. This principle is fundamental and immutable.

2. Shahanshah Reza Pahlavi's central role and national leadership

Shahanshah Reza Pahlavi is the centre of national solidarity and the foundation of political legitimacy during the transition and after the overthrow. No group, party or individual may question this legitimacy or seek unlawful succession.

3. Absolute opposition to destructive ideologies

Padman completely opposes:

- Every religious ideology, particularly Islamism.
- Classical leftism: communism, Marxism and Leninism.
- The New Left: neo-Marxism, identity-centred politics and political postmodernism.
- All forms of pan-nationalism, including Turkish, Arab, Kurdish and Persian forms.
- Any ethnicity-based structure, federalism or separatism.
- Fascism, populism and all political extremism.

These currents are regarded as entirely harmful and threatening to Iran's future.

4. Fundamental values of the Pahlavi constitutional monarchy

All members must uphold:

- Nationalism, patriotism and support for the Pahlavi constitutional monarchy.
- Secularism and the complete separation of religion and political ideologies from government.
- Full laïcité and the separation of religion and political ideologies from society's public sphere.
- The rule of law and equality before the law for all citizens regardless of sex, ethnicity or orientation.

- Meritocracy and rejection of rule based on tribe, party or ethnicity.
- Continuous pursuit of scientific, technical, cultural, political, legal and economic progress.
- Respect for all civil liberties and human rights.

5. Solidarity and collective decision-making

All member organizations and individuals must accept Central Core decisions grounded in this Charter's principles, objectives and foundations; refrain from creating division; and place shared principles above personal preferences.

6. Prohibition on altering identity-defining principles

No member, organization or institution may question, alter or weaken:

- The form of government: monarchy under the Pahlavi dynasty.
- The constitutional framework: the Constitutional Monarchy Constitution.
- The role of Shahanshah Reza Pahlavi and his successors.
- The scope of the monarchy's rights and powers.
- Iran's national and Iranshahri identity and culture.
- Iran's territorial integrity and centralized sovereignty.
- Secularism, laïcité and meritocracy.

7. Authority to interpret foundational principles

If disagreement arises over interpretation, the Central Core and Padman's Arbitration Body are the sole official and final authorities for interpreting these foundations and resolving disputes.

Part III - Management structure, decision-making bodies and allocation of duties

Article 8 - Organizational bodies

For coordinated, transparent and effective administration, Padman is founded on eight main bodies. Each acts within its specified duties and the foundational principles. No body or individual may depart from the approved framework.

1. Central Core

The Central Core is Padman's highest policymaking, supervisory and decision-making authority. It sets overall direction, approves strategic programmes and structures, supervises other bodies and protects the foundational principles.

2. Legal Body

The Legal Body is Padman's official arm for legal affairs, constitutional matters, legal advice and support for administrative and legal processes. It must examine decisions for compatibility with the foundational principles, submit legal and legislative proposals, and serve as the official authority on the Constitution and constitutionalism.

3. Political Body

The Political Body plans and directs political activities before the overthrow, during the transition and afterwards. It formulates political frameworks, cooperation strategies, official positions on events in Iran and the world, and plans for participation in the Constituent Assembly, National Consultative Assembly, Senate and future government.

4. Arbitration Body

The Arbitration Body impartially resolves internal disputes and handles violations. Its judgment, but not its organizational structure, is independent of the Central Core. It examines disputes among members and member organizations, rules according to the foundational principles, and communicates binding decisions.

5. Advisory Body

This body consists of nonmember specialists, academics and experts in politics, culture, history, management and law. They provide intellectual and advisory support to the Central Core and the Legal and Political Bodies. Advisers have no vote, but their advice must be sought where necessary in developing major policies.

6. Secretariat

The Secretariat is Padman's administrative and executive body. Its head is selected by the Central Core and must maintain administrative impartiality. It records, preserves and officially archives all documents, resolutions and correspondence; coordinates the bodies; prepares agendas and minutes; and manages everyday organizational affairs and operational support.

7. Secretary-General and official spokesperson

The Secretary-General and/or official spokesperson are the sole authority for announcing Padman's official positions, statements, notices and reports in the media and public forums. They maintain a unified message and prevent the publication of personal or unapproved positions. By unanimous vote of all members present at the Central Core meeting, the first Secretary-General and official spokesperson is Dr. Ali-Reza Samary. The Secretary-General and/or spokesperson are elected and removed by Central Core vote.

8. Specialist working groups

Specialist working groups are Padman's executive arms in areas including security, finance, law, logistics, culture, media, education, communications and field activities. Each operates under Central Core supervision; its decisions can be implemented only after Central Core approval. Each group must include at least one Central Core member.

Article 9 - Central Core

1. Composition

- One official representative from each member organization or group with at least four distinct, non-overlapping Padman members.
- Prominent monarchist figures invited and approved by the Central Core.
- Senior advisers who attend or provide advice without voting rights.

2. Membership requirements

Central Core members must accept the foundational principles; have a clear, nationally committed and non-ideological record; complete the “Padman Central Core Membership Form”; have no affiliation with groups opposing the Pahlavi constitutional monarchy; and possess the knowledge, experience and ability to decide, manage and cooperate at national level.

3. Powers and responsibilities

- Approve Padman's overall policies and strategies.
- Approve or reject working-group decisions and activities.
- Confirm and communicate Arbitration Body rulings.
- Elect, appoint or dismiss the official spokesperson.
- Approve organizations and their representatives for membership.
- Manage relationships, cooperation and lobbying nationally and internationally.
- Prepare and publish joint statements on strategic issues.
- Supervise financial, administrative and organizational processes.

4. Meetings

- Meetings are held fortnightly, monthly or extraordinarily as needed.
- A quorum requires more than half the members.

- Decisions require an absolute majority of those present, except sensitive matters requiring two thirds of those present. Absent members must accept the results.
- The Secretariat must record and archive official minutes.

Article 10 - Council of Senior Advisers

1. Definition and purpose

The Council consists of nonmember specialists, scholars, academics and experts in politics, law, culture and management who provide intellectual and advisory support to the Central Core.

2. Powers

- Provide specialist analyses of strategic issues.
- Answer Central Core questions and clarify uncertainties.
- Propose policies and implementation programmes.
- Attend Central Core meetings without voting rights.

3. Restrictions

The Council has no independent decision-making power and may not publish an official position without Central Core approval.

Article 11 - Specialist working groups

Working groups are Padman's specialist arms, responsible for implementation, research, planning and follow-up.

1. List of working groups

1. Security: background checks and screening of members, and all organizational and information-security matters.
2. Finance: all financial and budget matters, income, expenditure and project allocations.
3. Logistics: provision and management of coordination and meetings, and liaison among individuals and groups.
4. Legal affairs: all matters concerning the Imperial Constitutional Monarchy Constitution and all legal affairs.
5. Human rights: all human-rights measures and activities for members and all Iranians.
6. Culture: national celebrations and occasions; revival of Iranian art, literature, history, identity and culture.
7. Education: classes in legal, political and social subjects.
8. Media: production of content, statements and video clips and their extensive redistribution online.
9. Communications: public relations, contact with activists and groups inside and outside Iran, and recruitment.

10. Field activities: gatherings and marches, tributes and commemorations of public figures.

2. Composition

Each group has at least three and at most fifteen members. Each member organization may nominate one or two representatives per group. Each group includes at least one Central Core member. The group leader's selection requires Central Core approval.

3. Duties

Each group must, through its leader and Central Core member, submit a monthly programme and regular reports to the Central Core; advance specialist projects proposed by the Central Core; and observe Padman's security, ethical and media principles.

4. Restrictions and oversight

Working groups may not publish independent positions. No decision is implemented without Central Core approval.

Article 12 - Secretariat

1. Duties

The Secretariat records and officially archives documents and resolutions; prepares official correspondence and administrative coordination; follows up Central Core instructions and resolutions; prepares official agendas; and coordinates working groups and members.

2. Head of the Secretariat

The head is selected by the Central Core and must organize Padman's administration, supervise the integrity of information and document flows, and ensure administrative impartiality and freedom from bias.

Article 13 - Official spokesperson

1. Definition

The official spokesperson is the sole authority for announcing official positions in the media, social networks and public forums.

2. Duties

Publish approved statements and positions; respond to the media; coordinate media work with the Media Working Group; and preserve the coherence of Padman's public message.

3. Election and dismissal

The Central Core elects the spokesperson and may dismiss them for violations, lack of coordination or breach of Padman's principles.

Article 14 - Relations among Padman's bodies

- All bodies must report their performance to the Central Core.
- The Central Core may convene a joint meeting with working groups or advisers at any time.
- The Secretariat ensures full coordination among working groups, members, organizations and the official spokesperson.
- In a dispute, the Central Core's position must be followed.

Article 15 - Official emblem and logo

Padman's official emblem is monochrome, primarily gold, and usable on any background. It combines seven components drawn from national Iranshahri history, identity and culture, the Iran-building Pahlavi dynasty and Iranian constitutionalism:

1. The Faravahar and Sepas symbol: Iranshahri cultural identity rooted in “Good thoughts, good words, good deeds”.
2. The two Pasargadae columns and bases: historical Iranshahri identity and the steadfastness of Padman's national and historical identity and culture.
3. The National Consultative Assembly portal at Baharestan: constitutional monarchy and Padman's support and guardianship of the Pahlavi constitutional monarchy.
4. The imperial Pahlavi crown: Pahlavi monarchy arising from historical and cultural Iranshahri identity and constitutionalism.
5. The surrounding ring, recalling the ring in the Faravahar's left hand: Padman's commitment and loyalty to the Pahlavi constitutional monarchy.
6. The Persian organization name and its English translation, “Guardians of Pahlavi Constitutional Monarchy”.
7. “Padman” as the abbreviated name of the organization.

Part IV - Membership of organizations, groups and individuals

Article 16 - General membership principle

1. Padman is an inclusive institution open to organizations, groups, parties, institutions and individuals who expressly and unconditionally accept Padman's foundational principles and Pahlavi constitutionalism.
2. No organization or individual may join if they question the seven principles in Article 6, His Majesty Reza Shah II's role, Iran's territorial integrity, national Iranshahri identity or protection of the monarchy's powers.
3. Membership is a legal, political and ethical commitment. All members are obliged to align their words and conduct with the foundational principles.

Article 17 - Organizational and group membership

1. Initial conditions

- The organization must be monarchist, recognized and have at least five active members.
- It must accept all foundational, strategic and ethical principles without exception.
- At least four actual, active members who do not belong to other organizations must also be Padman members.
- It must nominate a fully authorized Central Core representative.
- It must provide its full name, founder's or Secretary-General's name, founding date, host country and official logo.
- The organization and its proposed representative must pass Security Working Group review and receive final Central Core approval.

2. Obligations

Member organizations must openly support Pahlavi constitutional monarchy; coordinate their media, political and organizational activities with Padman; refrain from issuing independent statements in Padman's name; and responsibly nominate and, when necessary, replace their Central Core representative.

3. Representative

The representative must be officially endorsed by the organization, is its sole voting representative in the Central Core, and communicates decisions between Padman and the organization in both directions.

Article 18 - Individual membership

1. Conditions

Any person over 18 who accepts the foundational principles of cooperation and membership may join Padman.

2. Process

- Complete the official application.
- Submit a copy of an identity card or passport.
- Undergo a Security Working Group background check.
- Obtain final admission confirmation and registration by the Secretariat.

3. Rights

Individual members may join specialist working groups; voluntarily join a member organization; propose new activities; participate in media, cultural and field activities; access non-confidential information and resolutions; participate in cultural, media, educational and field activities; and join working groups according to ability and Central Core approval.

4. Duties and commitments

- Observe the ethical, security and media charters.
- Refrain from division or insults toward other members.
- Align their positions and statements with Padman's principles.
- Defend those principles against attacks by anti-monarchist currents.
- Safeguard Iranian and Iranshahri national character, culture and identity.
- Represent Padman worthily in speech and behaviour.
- Observe security principles and protect internal information.
- Do not misuse Padman's name, logo, standing or reputation.
- Avoid all cooperation with anti-monarchist or separatist groups.

Article 19 - Suspension and termination

1. Suspension

The Central Core may suspend an organization or individual for violating foundational principles or security rules; divisive or unethical activity; publishing positions or statements contrary to Padman; or lack of organizational cooperation or sustained participation.

2. Complete termination

Membership is terminated for promoting republicanism, federalism, ethnonationalism or leftism; directly undermining the monarchy or seeking to reduce the Shah's powers; creating a parallel or quasi-official network or a breakaway structure against Padman; or serious security violations or activities serving foreign interests.

3. Appeal

A suspended or expelled organization or individual may appeal to the Arbitration Body within two weeks. Its decision is final and binding.

Part V - Padman's four binding charters

Article 20 - Ethical Charter

The Ethical Charter sets the conduct framework for all members, representatives, organizations and working groups. Compliance is mandatory.

1. Basic ethical principles

All members must fully respect other members and organizations; avoid insults, mockery, denigration, division, labelling and mistreatment; be transparent, honest and upright in speech and writing; resolve disputes through constructive and responsible dialogue; and keep personal feelings, old enmities and individual issues out of Padman's work.

2. Conduct at official meetings

All members must speak calmly, politely and in an orderly manner; avoid lengthy speeches, interruptions and disruptive conduct; follow the agenda; and refrain from unrelated issues.

3. Commitment to solidarity

All members must put Padman's unity above personal preferences; defend member organizations and Padman against opponents' attacks; and maintain speech and conduct worthy of Pahlavism, Iranshahri culture and Iranian national character.

Article 21 - Security Charter

The Security Charter is a vital pillar protecting information, decisions and internal structures against infiltration and misuse. Compliance is mandatory and non-negotiable.

1. Confidentiality

All meetings, documents, plans, messages, discussions and information are confidential unless publication is officially authorized. Recording, photography, filming or publishing internal discussions without authorization is strictly prohibited.

2. Prohibition of infiltration

Members must report signs of infiltration by hostile or foreign political organizations; refrain from transmitting Padman information to nonmember groups; and avoid collecting or retaining members' personal information without official authorization.

3. Media relations

Media contact is permitted only through the official spokesperson. No member or organization may publish a position in Padman's name without official authorization.

4. Penalties

Any intentional or inadvertent security breach may, without exception, lead to immediate suspension, loss of voting rights, and temporary or permanent removal from Padman.

Article 22 - Media Charter

This Charter governs communications, media and news activity to prevent contradictory messages and preserve the front's coherent voice and public credibility.

1. Publication structure

All statements, notices, official positions and messages are published only through the official spokesperson, official website, official social networks and Media Working Group.

2. Prohibition of independent positions

No member, organization or unofficial spokesperson may issue an independent statement in Padman's name, use its logo, name or reputation without authorization, or present a personal position as official.

3. Media conduct

Members must avoid divisive or insulting content; show restraint, reason and imperial dignity when facing opponents' media attacks; and never publish internal information without permission.

Article 23 - Social Conduct Charter

This Charter sets standards in public, social and cultural settings and on social networks.

1. Online conduct

Members must use language worthy of Iranshahri culture; never insult, mock, swear at, spread rumours about or wage psychological warfare against fellow members; and not raise internal disputes on social networks.

2. Gatherings and public activities

Members must dress, speak and behave worthily of the Pahlavi constitutional monarchy; fully observe order, dignity, courtesy and respect; and avoid destructive behaviour or needless controversy.

3. Social responsibility and national identity

Members must represent Padman's values in society; fully respect national symbols, the Lion and Sun flag and Pahlavist values; and support the dissemination of Iranian and Iranshahri culture and identity, nationalism and Pahlavi monarchism.

Part VI - Violations, arbitration and enforcement

Article 24 - General principles for handling violations

1. Commitment to foundational principles and the four charters in Part V

All members, whether organizations, groups or individuals, must observe the foundational principles, the four charters, Central Core resolutions and security requirements.

2. Meaning of “organizational violation”

Any breach is an organizational violation handled under this Part.

3. Procedure principles

Proceedings are based on impartial and fair arbitration, protection of Padman's structure and identity, and preservation of unity and prevention of division.

Article 25 - Types of violation

Violations fall into four main categories. The subsection numbers below follow the Persian original.

24-1. Identity-related violations

Questioning or attacking the foundations of Pahlavi constitutional monarchy; opposing Shahanshah Reza Pahlavi or the lawful Crown Princess; promoting republicanism, federalism, ethnonationalism or leftism; or attempting to reduce the monarch's powers or change the monarchy's foundation.

24-2. Security violations

Unauthorized recording, publication or redistribution of meetings or information; attempted infiltration or contact with foreign or anti-monarchist groups; and unauthorized collection or publication of members' personal information.

24-3. Ethical and behavioural violations

Insults, abuse, mockery or denigration of members; psychological warfare, rumours or incitement of disputes; and conduct incompatible with Iranshahri culture and Pahlavist character.

24-4. Organizational violations

Failure to observe Central Core resolutions; independent positions published in Padman's name; persistent disorder or lack of commitment in working groups or bodies; and unauthorized parallel structures or claims of representation.

Article 26 - Authority handling violations

1. Arbitration Body

The Arbitration Body is the sole official authority for violations. It acts impartially, independently in judgment and in commitment to Padman's principles. It examines violations, issues rulings, reports them to the Central Core, and records and archives proceedings.

2. Central Core's role

The Central Core declares rulings enforceable, may request extraordinary proceedings in sensitive or security cases, and may intensify or mitigate enforcement in specified cases. No other working group, organization or member may interfere with arbitration.

Article 27 - Procedure

1. Report registration: the Secretariat, a member, a working group or the Central Core reports the violation. The Secretariat registers it and forwards it to the Arbitration Body for preliminary examination.
2. Preliminary assessment: the Arbitration Body determines whether the report is valid, the category of violation, and whether a formal hearing is needed.
3. Request for explanation: the individual or organization concerned must provide a written explanation within seven days. Failure to do so is treated as admission of the violation.
4. Specialist examination: the Arbitration Body may speak with the parties, examine evidence and seek advice from the Legal or Security Working Group.
5. Ruling: the official, binding ruling must be reported to the Secretariat and Central Core within five days.

Article 28 - Rulings and penalties

According to severity and nature, the Arbitration Body may impose:

1. An oral warning for minor, remediable violations.
2. A formal written warning for conduct contrary to ethical or media principles.
3. Temporary suspension where behaviour needs review or activity must cease.
4. Loss of voting or speaking rights for organizational violations or repeated misconduct.
5. Removal of organizational representation where the nominated representative is unqualified, disruptive or violates the foundations.
6. Complete expulsion for identity-related violations (anti-monarchism, republicanism, separatism, etc.); major intentional security violations; service to anti-monarchist groups; damage to Padman's solidarity and objectives; or creation of parallel structures or publication of fabricated positions.

Public announcement: in special cases, particularly security violations, the Central Core may publicly announce the ruling.

Article 29 - Objection and appeal

1. Any individual or organization subject to a ruling may appeal within two weeks.
2. The Arbitration Body must review the appeal and issue its final ruling within two weeks.
3. Its final ruling is conclusive and binding; no other body may change it.

Article 30 - Enforcement and follow-up

1. The Secretariat records all rulings and communicates them to working groups and members for enforcement.
2. Specialist working groups supervise implementation within their remit.
3. The Central Core confirms enforcement and applies supplementary measures if necessary.

Part VII - Amendment, revision and updating

Article 31 - General amendment principle

This Charter is Padman's official legal and foundational document. It may be amended or revised only through this Part's mechanism. No body, organization or individual may alter foundational, identity-defining or structural principles outside the official procedure.

Amendment is solely intended to strengthen effectiveness, modernize structures and improve internal coordination, not to change Padman's nature, direction or main foundations.

Article 32 - Immutable principles

The following are absolutely immutable and may never be amended or revised:

1. Pahlavi constitutional monarchy as Iran's official, future-building political system.
2. Belief in the monarchy of the Iran-building Pahlavi dynasty, His Majesty Reza Pahlavi's kingship, and Princess Noor Pahlavi's status as Crown Princess.
3. Full adherence to Iran's Imperial Constitutional Monarchy Constitution up to 1357 as the foundational document.
4. The need to remove ideological and religious provisions and discrimination and update that Constitution.
5. Prohibition and prevention of any reduction in the rights and powers of the monarch or monarchy within it.
6. National Iranshahri identity, culture and history, the Persian language, centralized national sovereignty and territorial integrity.
7. Rationalism, realism, pragmatism, nationalism, patriotism, monarchism and meritocracy.
8. A broadly secular/laïque structure in opposition to religion, classical leftism and the New Left.
9. The seven foundational principles in Part II.
10. Complete independence and separation from republican, federalist, leftist or ethnonationalist currents.

These are pillars of Padman's continuing identity and may never be altered or deleted.

Article 33 - Amendment proposals

1. Proposals are accepted only from the Central Core, Legal Body, Political Body, at least three specialist working groups, or at least five member organizations.
2. All proposals must be written, supported by evidence and explain why amendment is necessary.

Article 34 - Examination of amendments

1. Preliminary assessment by the Legal and Political Bodies: compatibility with immutable principles and determination of necessity or non-compliance.
2. Report to the Central Core: the Legal Body must submit its official report within two weeks.
3. Specialist review: the Central Core may seek advice from the Advisory Body or relevant working groups.
4. Final vote: approval requires two thirds of voting Central Core members.

Article 35 - Adoption, announcement and recording

1. The Secretariat records approved amendments in the official Charter archive.
2. The official spokesperson must announce amendments publicly.
3. The revised Charter must be made available to member organizations and individuals.
4. No amendment is valid or binding before official announcement.

Article 36 - Supervision of implementation

1. The Central Core has full responsibility for supervising approved amendments.
2. The Secretariat follows implementation and reports periodically.
3. The Legal Body examines and ensures conformity of activities with the revised Charter.

Article 37 - Periodic reviews

Every three years, the Central Core must compare Padman's activities with the Charter and conduct a strategic review. The aim is to improve organizational and structural rules and performance without changing immutable principles.

Article 38 - Prevention of misuse, deviation or distortion

1. Any proposal, project or act changing Padman's nature is invalid.
2. Any proposal, project or act contrary to its foundational principles is invalid.
3. No body, group or organization may publish a parallel or unofficial Charter.
4. Circumventing the official amendment mechanism is a major organizational violation subject to the maximum penalty.

Part VIII - Appendices, key definitions and final provisions

Article 39 - Key definitions

To prevent divergent interpretations, terms used in this Charter are defined below. These definitions bind all bodies, members and member organizations.

1. “Padman”

The Persian word has two root meanings: “Pad”, safeguarding, guardianship and support; and “Man”, a group, organization, party or social institution. It therefore means both party/organization and a protecting, supporting institution bearing historical responsibility for the Pahlavi constitutional monarchy, national Iranshahri identity and culture, and the unity of genuine monarchists' ideals.

2. “Pahlavi constitutional monarchy”

A national, historical political system in which the monarch heads sovereignty and symbolizes national unity; a meritocratic parliament conducts legislation; the judiciary is founded on merit, knowledge, experience, effectiveness, patriotism and responsibility; the executive is founded on those same qualities; and all structures rest on the Constitutional Monarchy Constitution and the imperial legacy of the Pahlavi era.

3. “Guardians of Pahlavi Constitutional Monarchy”

An inclusive national front transcending individual organizations, bringing together dozens of organizations, groups, parties, institutions, associations and independent genuine monarchists. It unites, aligns, coordinates and organizes all genuine monarchist currents following the Iran-building Pahlavi dynasty and adhering to the Imperial Constitutional Monarchy Constitution. Its membership continues to grow.

It is a popular, nongovernmental, secular and nationalist institution committed to that monarchy, seeking national and international political, legal, cultural and social representation of all monarchist forces believing in Iran's Imperial Constitutional Monarchy Constitution.

4. “Iran's Imperial Constitutional Monarchy Constitution”

Modern Iran's foundational document, adopted in 1285, with all subsequent amendments and additions, including the Supplementary Constitutional Law and Constituent Assembly amendments. Padman accepts it as its legal and identity framework. Padman emphatically calls for a Constituent Assembly during the transition to remove religious and ideological provisions and discrimination and update it, without the slightest reduction in the monarch's or monarchy's rights and powers. Supporting and safeguarding these principles is a primary objective.

5. “Pahlavism”

A national, modern school of thought founded on rationalism; pragmatism; realism; nationalism and patriotism; constitutional monarchism; scientific and economic development; reason-based democracy and meritocracy; secularism and laïcité in their broad sense; and protection of Iranshahri identity, culture and history. Pahlavism is not Padman's ideological core but its “framework of identity and practice”.

6. “National Iranshahri culture and identity”

A continuous whole comprising Iranian history, culture, the Persian language, myths, art, laws and worldview. It is recognized as the Iranian nation's main pillar and, for Padman, the most important foundation of national identity before and after the overthrow.

7. “Enemies of Iranian identity”

Currents whose aim or practical effect is to weaken national identity, fragment society or destroy Pahlavi constitutional monarchy:

- Black reaction: Islamism, political religious ideology and religious government.
- Red reaction: classical leftism, including communism, Marxism and socialism.
- Multicoloured reaction: the New Left, including neo-Marxism, identity movements, globalism and postmodern ideologies.
- All ethnonationalist, tribalist, federalist, separatist and anti-Iranian currents.

8. “Territorial integrity and national sovereignty”

Two immutable principles: Iran is one indivisible country that cannot be federalized and has a strong central government; national sovereignty is exercised centrally and nationwide, not federally or provincially.

Article 40 - Symbols, emblems and visual identity

- Physical and digital designs and products may use only Iranian national symbols, including the crowned Lion and Sun flag, Pahlavi emblems, national and Iranshahri motifs and national colours.
- Padman's official logo is the sole valid emblem for official documents.
- Changes to the logo, colours or visual identity require Central Core approval.
- Unauthorized personal or organizational use of the logo is a violation.

Article 41 - Regulations and supplementary documents

Padman may develop separate implementing regulations for areas such as security, media, education and finance. They become binding after Central Core approval and must not violate foundational principles or immutable Charter provisions.

Article 42 - Official language and validity of documents

Padman's official language is Persian. Documents translated into other languages are valid only after Central Core approval. If a translation differs from the Persian version, the Persian version always prevails.

Article 43 - Legal standing

Padman is independent of any foreign government or party and any international organization. Its activities follow the laws of members' countries of residence, while its political identity is Iranian, national and directed toward the future Pahlavi monarchy. Support from individuals, Iranian or non-Iranian institutions, or foreign governments must be fully and transparently disclosed to all Central Core members. No support from foreign governments or institutions that weakens Padman's independence in any way is ever acceptable.

Article 44 - Dissolution

Given its long-term objective of an active role in the country's political future and Pahlavi constitutional monarchy, Padman may dissolve only under exceptional circumstances. It may dissolve only after achieving its ultimate aim of establishing Pahlavi constitutional monarchy in Iran and when, following merger with other monarchist organizations, its continued existence in its current form is no longer needed.

Dissolution or merger requires approval by at least 80 percent of Central Core members and Shahanshah Reza Pahlavi. All documents, archives and property shall then pass to a legal institution approved by Shahanshah Reza Pahlavi.

Article 45 - Entry into force

- This Charter was prepared in eight Parts, forty-five Articles and twenty pages, without deletions or corrections. This page count refers to the Persian original.
- It is binding after approval by Padman's Central Core.
- Later amendments are permitted only under Part VII.
- All organizational and individual members undertake full compliance.

With gratitude, affection and respect,

19 Azar 2584 of the Imperial calendar, corresponding to 10 December 2025

Members of the Central Core of the Guardians of Pahlavi Constitutional Monarchy